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./graph.cpp      Wed Feb 16 13:54:46 2022      1

1: #include "graph.h"
2: #include <algorithm>
3: #include <cassert>
4: #include <fstream>
5: using namespace std;
6:
7: [[maybe_unused]] graph::graph(const string &file_name)
8:     : _edges(0), _vertices(), _maxvert(-1)           // graph_2
9: {
10:    ifstream fin(file_name);                      // Oeffne das File im ASCII-Mo
dus
11:    if ( fin.is_open() ) {                         // File gefunden:
12:        _edges.clear();                           // Vektor leeren
13:        unsigned int k, l;
14:        while ( fin >> k >> l) {_edges.push_back({k, l});} // Einlese
n
15:        if (!fin.eof()) {
16:            // Fehlerbehandlung
17:            cout << " Error handling \n";
18:            if ( fin.bad() ) {throw runtime_error("Schwerer Fehler i
n istr"); }
19:            if ( fin.fail() ) { // Versuch des Aufraeumens
20:                cout << " Failed in reading all data.\n";
21:                fin.clear();
22:            }
23:        }
24:        _edges.shrink_to_fit();
25:    }
26:    else {                                         // File nicht gefunden:
27:        cout << "\nFile " << file_name << " has not been found.\n\n";
;
28:        assert( fin.is_open() && "File not found." );           // excepti
on handling for the poor programmer
29:    }
30:
31:    DetermineNumberVertices();
32: }
33:
34:
35: vector<vector<unsigned int>> graph::get_node2nodes() const
36: {
37: //    size_t nnode=Nvertices();
38:    size_t nnode = Max_vertex() + 1;           // graph_2
39:
40: // Determine the neighborhood for each vertex
41: vector<vector<unsigned int>> n2n(nnode);
42: for (auto _edge : _edges) {
43:     auto const v0 = _edge[0];
44:     auto const v1 = _edge[1];
45:     n2n.at(v0).push_back(v1);                 // add v1 to neighborhood o
f v0
46:     n2n.at(v1).push_back(v0);                 // and vice versa
47: }
48: // ascending sort of entries per node
49: for (auto & k : n2n) {
50:     sort(k.begin(), k.end());
51: }

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52:
53:
54:     return n2n;
55: }
56: // graph_2
57: void graph::DetermineNumberVertices()
58: {
59:     // we assume that the nodes are numbered consecutively from 0 to
n-1
60:     // determine number of nodes
61:     _vertices.clear();
62:     unsigned int nnnode = 0;
63:     for (auto & _edge : _edges) {
64:         for (unsigned int & j : _edge) {
65:             nnnode = max(nnode, j);
66:             _vertices.insert(j); // graph_2
67:         }
68:     }
69:     if ( !_edges.empty() ) // at least one edge in graph?
70:         {_maxvert = nnnode;}
71:     else
72:         {_maxvert=-1;}
73: }
74:
75: ostream &operator<<(ostream &s, graph const &rhs)
76: {
77:     s << "Graph with " << rhs.Nedges() << " edges and " << rhs.Nvertices()
    << " vertices" << endl;
78:
79:     const auto &edges = rhs._edges;
80:     s << "\n -- Edges --\n";
81:     for (size_t k = 0; k < edges.size(); ++k) {
82:         s << k << " : ";
83:         for (unsigned int j : edges[k]) {
84:             s << j << " ";
85:         }
86:         s << endl;
87:     }
88:
89:     s << "\n -- Vertices --\n"; // graph_2 // graph_2
90:     for (auto v : rhs._vertices) {
91:         s << v << " ";
92:     }
93:     s << endl;
94:
95:     return s;
96: }
97:
98:
99: [[maybe_unused]] bool graph::Append(unsigned int v1, unsigned int v2)
// graph_3
100: {
101:     const auto ip = find(_edges.cbegin(), _edges.cend(), Edge{v1, v2})
    );
102:     bool edgeFound(ip == _edges.cend()); // really a new edge
103:     if (edgeFound) {
104:         _edges.push_back(Edge{v1, v2});
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105:         _vertices.insert(v1);
106:         _maxvert = max(_maxvert, v1);
107:         _vertices.insert(v2);
108:         _maxvert = max(_maxvert, v2);
109:     }
110:     return edgeFound;
111: }
112:
113: bool graph::Delete(Edge const& e)          // graph_3
114: {
115:     const auto ip = find(_edges.cbegin(), _edges.cend(), e);
116:     bool edgeFound(ip != _edges.cend());           // edge found
117:     if (edgeFound) {
118:         _edges.erase(ip);
119:         DetermineNumberVertices(); // updates _vertices, _maxvert
120:     }
121:     return edgeFound;
122: }
123:
124: [[maybe_unused]] bool graph::Delete(unsigned int v1, unsigned int v2)
// graph_3
125: {
126:     return Delete(Edge{v1, v2});
127: }
128:
129: void graph::Delete(vector<Edge> const &v)          // graph_3
130: {
131:     for (const auto &e : v) {
132:         const auto ip = find(_edges.cbegin(), _edges.cend(), e);
133:         bool edgeFound(ip != _edges.cend());           // edge found
134:         if (edgeFound) {
135:             _edges.erase(ip);
136:         }
137:     }
138:     DetermineNumberVertices(); // updates _vertices, _maxvert: called
only once
139: }
140:
```

```

./graph.h      Tue Feb  8 08:47:21 2022      1

1: #pragma once
2:
3: #include <array>
4: #include <iostream>
5: #include <set>                                // graph_2
6: #include <string>
7: #include <vector>
8:
9:
10: /**
11:  * Directed graph class.
12:  * A better graph class that doesn't requires a consecutive numbering
of the vertices.
13: */
14: class graph {
15:     using Edge=std::array<unsigned int,2>;           // graph_3
16: public:
17:     /** \brief Reads edges for graph from file.
18:      *
19:      * If the file @p file_name does not exist then the code stops
with an appropriate message.
20:      *
21:      * A consecutive numbering of the vertices is required.
22:      *
23:      * @param[in]    file_name    name of the ASCII-file
24:      */
25:     [[maybe_unused]] explicit graph(const std::string &file_name);
26:
27:     // Rule of five
28:     graph(graph const & org) = default;
29:     graph(graph && org) = default;
30:     graph& operator=(graph const & rhs) = default;
31:     graph& operator=(graph && rhs) = default;
32:     ~graph() = default;
33:
34:     /**
35:      * Determines the neighboring vertices for each node from the edge
definition.
36:      * The node itself is not contained in the neighboring vertices.
37:
38:      * @return          vector[nn][*] with all neighboring vertices for e
ach node
39:      */
40:     [[nodiscard]] std::vector<std::vector<unsigned int>> get_node2nod
es() const;
41:
42:     /**
43:      * @return          number of edges
44:      */
45:     [[nodiscard]] size_t Nedges() const
46:     {
47:         return _edges.size();
48:     }
49:
50:     /**
51:      * @return          number of vertices
52:      */

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./graph.h      Tue Feb 08 08:47:21 2022      2

53:     [[nodiscard]] size_t Nvertices() const
54:     {
55:         return _vertices.size();           // graph_2
56:     }
57:
58:     /**
59:      @return      largest vertex index
60:     */
61:     [[nodiscard]] size_t Max_vertex() const          // graph_2
62:     {
63:         return _maxvert;
64:     }
65:
66:     /** \brief Appends one directed edge to the graph.
67:      *   The method add only edges that not already contained in the
graph.
68:      *
69:      * @param[in]    v1    start vertex
70:      * @param[in]    v2    end vertex
71:      */
72:     [[maybe_unused]] bool Append(unsigned int v1, unsigned int v2);
// graph_3
73:
74:     /** \brief Removes one directed edge (@p v1, @p v2) from the gra
ph.
75:      *   The method add only edges that not already contained in the
graph.
76:      *
77:      * @param[in]    v1    start vertex
78:      * @param[in]    v2    end vertex
79:      * @return True if edge @p e exists in the graph.
80:      */
81:     [[maybe_unused]] bool Delete(unsigned int v1, unsigned int v2);
// graph_3
82:
83:     /** \brief Removes edge @p e from the graph.
84:      *   The method add only edges that not already contained in the
graph.
85:      *
86:      * @param[in]    e    edge
87:      * @return True if edge @p e exists in the graph.
88:      */
89:     bool Delete(Edge const &e);                      // graph_3
90:
91:     /** \brief Removes the given edges from the graph.
92:      *   The method add only edges that not already contained in the
graph.
93:      *
94:      * @param[in]    v    vector[ne], [2] of edges
95:      * @warning No message if an edge (@p v[k][1], @p v[k][2]) doesn't
exist in the graph.
96:      */
97:     void Delete(std::vector<Edge> const &v);        // graph_3
98:
99:     /** \brief Prints edges and vertices of the graph
100:      *
101:      * @param[in,out] s    output stream

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```
./graph.h      Tue Feb 08 08:47:21 2022      3
102:          * @param[in]    rhs    graph
103:          * @return Output stream.
104:          */
105:         friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream &s, graph const &rhs
);
106:
107:     private:
108:         /**
109:             Determines the number of vertices from the edge information.
110:             No consecutive numbering of the vertices required.
111:         */
112:         void DetermineNumberVertices();
113:
114:         std::vector<Edge>           _edges;    /**< stores the two vertices
for each edge */
115:         std::set<unsigned int>        _vertices;/**< stores the vertex indice
s */
116:         unsigned int                  _maxvert; /*< maximal vertex index */
117:
118:     };
```

```
./main.cpp      Tue Feb 08 08:47:21 2022      1

1: //graph
2: #include "graph.h"
3: #include <array>
4: #include <iostream>
5: #include <string>
6: #include <vector>
7: using namespace std;
8:
9: int main()
10: {
11:     cout << "Hello Graph!" << endl;
12:     graph g1{"g_2.txt"};
13:
14:     cout << g1 << endl;
15:
16:     // construct mapping nodes to nodes
17:     auto n2n=g1.get_node2nodes();
18:
19:     cout << "\n -- Nodes to Node --\n";
20:     for (size_t k=0; k<n2n.size(); ++k)
21:     {
22:         cout << k << " : ";
23:         for (unsigned int j : n2n[k])
24:         {
25:             cout << j << " ";
26:         }
27:         cout << endl;
28:     }
29:
30:     // -----
31:     vector<std::array<unsigned int,2>> ve{ {1,2}, {5,4}, {2,5} };
32:     g1.Delete(ve);
33:     cout << g1 << endl;
34:
35:     return 0;
36: }
```