

```
1: // g++ -O3 -Wall -W -Wfloat-equal -Wshadow -Wredundant-decls -Weffc++ -pedantic main.cpp polygon.  
cpp  
2: // clang++ -O3 -Weverything -Wno-conversion -Wno-c++98-compat -Wno-padded main.cpp polygon.cpp  
3: #include <iostream>  
4: #include <cmath>  
5: #include <vector>  
6: #include <iterator>  
7: #include <algorithm> // sort  
8: #include <cstdlib> // srand, rand  
9: #include <ctime> // time  
10: #include "polygon.h"  
11: using namespace std;  
12:  
13:  
14: //----- Hauptprogramm -----  
15: int main()  
16: {  
17:     const Polygon a(19);  
18:     Polygon b(a);  
19:     const Point2D p1(0,0), p2(0.0f, 0.5f);  
20:     cout << "Punktabstand " << dist(p1,p2) << endl; // Abstand zweier Punkte  
21:  
22:     cout << "Umfang b: " << b.perimeter() << endl; // Umfang des geschlossenen Polygonzuges b  
23:     b.append(p1); // Haenge den neuen Punkt als zusaetzliche, letzte Ecke an das Polygon b  
24:     cout << "Umfang b: " << b.perimeter() << endl; // Umfang des geschlossenen Polygonzuges b  
25:  
26:     cout << "Polynom mit " << a.number() << " Ecken" << endl; // Anzahl der Ecken des Polygons a  
27:     cout << "Umfang a: " << a.perimeter() << endl; // Umfang des geschlossenen Polygonzuges a  
28:  
29: // -----  
30: // Now, we demonstrate the difference in runtime between classes  
31: // Polygon_old (without mutable member) and  
32: // Polygon (with mutable member).  
33: // Be sure to switch on optimization (-O3 in my Release version).  
34: // -----  
35:     vector<Polygon_old> po;  
36:     vector<Polygon> pn;  
37:     const int NN=100000;  
38:     po.reserve(NN); // avoid multiple memory allocations in following loop  
39:     pn.reserve(NN);  
40:     /* initialize random seed: */
```

```
41:  srand (time(nullptr));
42:  for (int i=0; i<NN; ++i)
43:  {
44:      int kk = rand() % 1000 + 10;
45:      po.push_back(Polygon_old(kk));
46:      pn.push_back(Polygon(kk));
47:  }
48:
49:  clock_t t;
50:  float  time_old, time_new;
51:
52:  // sort the without mutable in class
53:  t = clock();
54:  sort(po.begin(),po.end());
55:  time_old = static_cast<float>(clock() - t)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
56:
57:
58:  // sort the with mutable in class
59:  t = clock();
60:  sort(pn.begin(),pn.end());
61:  time_new = static_cast<float>(clock() - t)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC;
62:
63:  cout << "timings    no mutable: " << time_old << " sec.;    mutable: " << time_new << " se
c.\n";
64:
65:
66:  return 0;
67: }
```

```
1: #include "polygon.h"
2:
3: #include <iostream>
4: #include <vector>
5: #include <cmath>
6: using namespace std;
7:
8: ostream& operator<<(ostream& s, const Point2D& rhs)
9: {
10:     s << "(" << rhs.GetX() << "," << rhs.GetY() <<")";
11:     return s;
12: }
13:
14: //float dist(const Point2D& a, const Point2D& b)
15: //{
16: //    return sqrt( pow(a.GetX()-b.GetX(),2) + pow(a.GetY()-b.GetY(),2) );
17: //}
18:
19: //-----
20: Polygon_old::Polygon_old(int n)
21:     : _v(n)
22: {
23:     for (unsigned int k=0; k<_v.size(); ++k)
24:     {
25:         _v.at(k) = Point2D( cos(k*2*M_PI/n), sin(k*2*M_PI/n) );
26:     }
27:
28:     //    copy(_v.begin(),_v.end(), ostream_iterator<Point2D>(cout, " "));
29: }
30:
31: float Polygon_old::perimeter() const
32: {
33:     float sum=dist( _v.front(),_v.back() ); // geschlossener Polygonzug
34:     for (unsigned int k=1; k<_v.size(); ++k)
35:     {
36:         sum += dist( _v[k], _v[k-1] );
37:     }
38:     return sum;
39: }
40:
41: //-----
```

Neuberechnung
bei jedem Aufruf

```
42: Polygon::Polygon(int n)
43:     : _v(n), _peri(-1.0f)
44: {
45:     for (unsigned int k=0; k<_v.size(); ++k)
46:     {
47:         _v.at(k) = Point2D( cos(k*2*M_PI/n), sin(k*2*M_PI/n) );
48:     }
49:
50: //     copy(_v.begin(),_v.end(), ostream_iterator<Point2D>(cout, " "));
51: }
52:
53: float Polygon::perimeter() const
54: {
55:     if ( _peri<0.0f )
56:     {
57:         _peri=dist( _v.front(),_v.back() ); // geschlossener Polygonzug
58:         for (unsigned int k=1; k<_v.size(); ++k)
59:         {
60:             _peri += dist( _v[k], _v[k-1] );
61:         }
62:     }
63:
64:     return _peri;
65: }
```

Berechne Umfang
nur einmal,
sonst wieder
berechneten Wert

```
1: #ifndef POLYGON_H_INCLUDED
2: #define POLYGON_H_INCLUDED
3:
4: #include <iostream>
5: #include <vector>
6: #include <cmath>
7:
8: /// @brief Class containing a point in 2D
9: ///
10: class Point2D
11: {
12:     public:
13:         /// @brief Constructor without parameters.
14:         /// Defines the point to the origin (0.0).
15:         ///
16:         Point2D() : _x(0.0f), _y(0.0f) {}
17:
18:         /// @brief Constructor
19:         ///
20:         /// @param[in] x coordinate in x direction
21:         /// @param[in] y coordinate in y direction
22:         ///
23:         Point2D(float x, float y) : _x(x), _y(y) {}
24:
25:         /// @brief Getter
26:         /// @return x coordinate
27:         float GetX() const {return _x;}
28:
29:         /// @brief Getter
30:         /// @return y coordinate
31:         float GetY() const {return _y;}
32:
33:     private:
34:         float _x; ///< x coordinate of point
35:         float _y; ///< y coordinate of point
36: };
37:
38: /// @brief Output operator for class @p Point2D
39: ///
40: /// @param[in,out] s output stream
41: /// @param[in] rhs class instance
```

```
42: /// @return output stream
43: ///
44: std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& s, const Point2D& rhs);
45:
46: /// @brief Calculates the Euclidian distance between two points in 2D
47: ///
48: /// @param[in] a first point
49: /// @param[in] b second point
50: /// @return Euclidian distance
51: ///
52: // float dist(const Point2D& a, const Point2D& b);
53: inline float dist(const Point2D& a, const Point2D& b)
54: {
55:     return std::sqrt( std::pow(a.GetX()-b.GetX(),2) + std::pow(a.GetY()-b.GetY(),2) );
56: }
57:
58: //-----
59:
60: class Polygon_old
61: {
62:     public:
63:         Polygon_old(int n);
64:         void append(const Point2D& a) { _v.push_back(a); }
65:         int number() const { return _v.size(); }
66:         float perimeter() const;
67:         bool operator<(const Polygon_old& rhs) const { return perimeter() < rhs.perimeter(); }
68:
69:     private:
70:         std::vector<Point2D> _v;
71: };
72:
73: //-----
74: /// \brief Contains the description of a polygon, now with mutable.
75: /// The traverse is stored.
76: ///
77: class Polygon
78: {
79:     public:
80:         /// @brief Constructs a regular polygon with vertices on the unit circle.
81:         ///
82:         /// @param[in] n number of vertices in the polygon
```

Unfairly breaking

```
83:      /// @warning We use a mutable member @p _peri which should be defined -1 whenever the class
instance has been changed.
84:      ///
85:      Polygon(int n);
86:
87:      /// @brief Adds a vertex to the end of the polygon traverse.
88:      ///
89:      /// @param[in] a 2d point to add.
90:      ///
91:      void append(const Point2D& a) { _v.push_back(a); _peri=-1.0f; }
92:
93:      /// @brief Number of vertices in polygon
94:      ///
95:      /// @return Number of vertices of the open polygon
96:      ///
97:      int number() const { return _v.size(); }
98:
99:      /// @brief Computes the perimeter of the closed polygon
100:      ///
101:      /// @return Perimeter of the closed polygon
102:      /// @warning Uses a mutable variable
103:      ///
104:      float perimeter() const;
105:
106:      /// @brief Less operator regarding the perimeter.
107:      ///
108:      /// @param[in] rhs second polygon.
109:      /// @return True iff perimeter of recent instance is less than the perimeter of the second ins
tance.
110:      ///
111:      bool operator<(const Polygon& rhs) const { return perimeter() < rhs.perimeter(); }
112:
113: private:
114:     std::vector<Point2D> _v;      //!< ordered vertices of the polygon
115:     mutable float _peri;      //!< stores the perimeter once it is (re-)calculated
116: };
117:
118:
119:
120:
121:
```

— peri wird in Methode verändert

./polygon.h

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4

122:

123: #endif // POLYGON_H_INCLUDED